REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BOURBON COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE BOURBON COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Bourbon County Clerk's audit for the year ended December 31, 2014. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees increased by \$81,900 from the prior year, resulting in excess fees of \$277,372 as of December 31, 2014. Receipts increased by \$1,780,432 from the prior year and disbursements increased by \$1,698,532.

Report Comment:

2014-001 The County Clerk Had \$480 In Disallowed Disbursements

Deposits:

The County Clerk's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Michael R. Williams, Bourbon County Judge/Executive The Honorable Richard Eads, Bourbon County Clerk Members of the Bourbon County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of receipts, disbursements, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the County Clerk of Bourbon County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting as described in Note 1. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for County Fee Officials</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Michael R. Williams, Bourbon County Judge/Executive The Honorable Richard Eads, Bourbon County Clerk Members of the Bourbon County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the County Clerk on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the County Clerk, as of December 31, 2014, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2014, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated August 06, 2015 on our consideration of the Bourbon County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bourbon County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Honorable Michael R. Williams, Bourbon County Judge/Executive The Honorable Richard Eads, Bourbon County Clerk Members of the Bourbon County Fiscal Court

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2014-001 The County Clerk Had \$480 In Disallowed Disbursements

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

Auditor of Public Accounts

August 06, 2015

9,117,181

BOURBON COUNTY RICHARD EADS, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Receipts		
HB 537 Revenue Supplement		\$ 64,618
State Fees For Services		7,890
Fiscal Court		5,027
Licenses and Taxes:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 889,114	
Usage Tax	5,679,365	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,958,159	
Other-		
Fish and Game Licenses	2,771	
Marriage Licenses	4,452	
Occupational Licenses	215	
Deed Transfer Tax	78,176	
Delinquent Tax	229,398	8,841,650
Fees Collected for Services:		
Recordings-		
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts	9,477	
Real Estate Mortgages	31,979	
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements	51,813	
Powers of Attorney	2,086	
Affordable Housing Trust	20,880	
All Other Recordings	29,712	
Charges for Other Services-		
Candidate Filing Fees	2,400	
Copywork	12,132	
Duplicate Registrations	7,218	
Notary Fees	6,788	
Passports	12,051	186,536
Other:		
Miscellaneous		8,623
Interest Earned		2,837

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Total Receipts

BOURBON COUNTY

RICHARD EADS, COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2014 (Continued)

Disbursements

Payments to State:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 573,084	
Usage Tax	5,508,473	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	703,292	
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-		
Fish and Game Licenses	2,776	
Delinquent Tax	22,822	
Legal Process Tax	17,797	
Affordable Housing Trust	16,692	\$ 6,844,936
Payments to Fiscal Court:		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	211,085	
Delinquent Tax	27,873	
Deed Transfer Tax	74,267	
Occupational Licenses	140	313,365
Payments to Other Districts:		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	965,011	
Delinquent Tax	105,032	1,070,043
Demiquent 1 ax	103,032	1,070,043
Payments to Sheriff		18,890
Payments to County Attorney		29,650
Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:		
Personnel Services-		
Deputies' Salaries	313,521	
Employee Benefits-		
Employer's Share Social Security	29,584	
Contracted Services-		
Advertising	12,574	
Printing and Binding	49,979	
Computer Expenses	13,547	
Tax Bill Preparation	3,036	
Materials and Supplies-		
Office Supplies	13,753	

BOURBON COUNTY

RICHARD EADS, COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

(Continued)

<u>Disbursements</u> (Continued)

Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: (Con	tinued)					
Other Charges-						
Conventions and Travel	\$	5,186				
Dues		1,150				
Postage		2,391				
Passports		9,805				
Telephone		2,504				
Legal and Insurance		806				
Refunds		319				
Copier Lease		2,112				
Miscellaneous		5,014	\$	465,281		
Capital Outlay-						
Office Equipment				8,483		
Total Disbursements			8	3,750,648		
Less: Disallowed Disbursement						
Penalty & Interest				480		
Total Allowable Disbursements					\$ 8,	750,168
Net Receipts						367,013
Less: Statutory Maximum						82,131
Excess Fees						284,882
Less: Expense Allowance				3,600		
Training Incentive Benefit				3,910		7,510
Excess Fees Due County for 2014						277,372
Payment to Fiscal Court - February 2, 2015						276,800
					ф	
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit					\$	572

BOURBON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2014

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the County Clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the County Clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2014 services
- Reimbursements for 2014 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2014

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the County Clerk's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

BOURBON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2014 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county official and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.89 percent for the first six months and 17.67 percent for the last six months.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

CERS also provides post retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

BOURBON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2014 (Continued)

Note 3. Deposits

The Bourbon County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County Clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the County Clerk's deposits may not be returned. The Bourbon County Clerk does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2014, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives Grant

The Bourbon County Clerk received a local records microfilming grant from the Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives in the amount of \$15,975. These grant funds were not expended during the year.

Note 5. Escrow Account

The County Clerk maintains an escrow account for uncleared outstanding checks. The beginning balance at January 1, 2014 was \$217. During the year, receipts totaled \$1 and disbursements totaled \$0, leaving a balance of \$218 as of December 31, 2014.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Michael R. Williams, Bourbon County Judge/Executive The Honorable Richard Eads, Bourbon County Clerk Members of the Bourbon County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the statement of receipts, disbursements, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Bourbon County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated August 06, 2015. The County Clerk's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Bourbon County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bourbon County Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bourbon County Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bourbon County Clerk's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the accompanying comment and recommendation as item 2014-001.

County Clerk's Response to Finding

The Bourbon County Clerk's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. The Bourbon County Clerk's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

Auditor of Public Accounts

August 06, 2015



BOURBON COUNTY RICHARD EADS, COUNTY CLERK COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:

2014-001 The County Clerk Had \$480 In Disallowed Disbursements

During our review of payroll, we noted a penalty paid as a result of a 941 payment being made late. Per inquiry with office personnel, the Clerk thought he had approved this payment in the system, but the payment was not approved, so the 941 payment was not received timely by the IRS. In Funk vs. Milliken, 317 S.W.2d 499 (1958), Kentucky's highest court reaffirmed the rule that county fee officials' expenditures of public funds will be allowable only if they are necessary, adequately documented, reasonable in amount, beneficial to the public, and not personal expenses. Since the penalty is unnecessary and not beneficial to the public, we have disallowed this disbursement. We recommend the County Clerk ensure payments are made timely to avoid penalties. In addition, we recommend the Clerk deposit personal funds into the 2014 fee account for this disallowed disbursement.

County Clerk's Response: Submitted as pending but did not finalize approval. Clerk will reimburse.